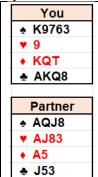


**Open Challenge Hand** 



You are playing MP in the club's Stratified Pairs

You open 1♠ as North, and partner bids Jacoby 2NT (GF in Spades).

Can you bid to the grand?

RB Bridge Across the Ditch 18th Apr



RB Online Congress 23<sup>rd</sup> April



Anzac Day 25th April



Club AGM @ East Lindfield 19/Apr



# Beginner Bridge Lessons



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- Start Date: 6th May 2023
- Lessons on Saturday mornings at 10.00am
- Practice Sessions Monday evenings at 7.00pm

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Dates	May 6, 2023 to June 10, 2023 (6 weeks)
	Saturdays 10am to 12pm
	+ free extra practice session Mondays 7pm (optional)
Location	North Shore Bridge Club
	Lindfield Rollers Bowling Club
	2b Carlyle Road, East Lindfield, NSW, 2070
Cost	\$150 for 6 week course
Language	Lessons in English, assistant tutor bilingual in Mandarin
Website	www.learnbridgeinsydney.com.au
Email	info@learnbridgeinsydney.com.au
Telephone	0407 698 786 (英语)



BM – Timing is Everything



This Challenge hand was adapted from a Brent Manley article "Timing is Everything". Sourced from the ACBL

**Brent Manley** 

Sourced from the ACBL Bridge feed website

North		Standard Bidding			
<b>.</b> 87	West	North (D)	East	South	
<b>♥</b> A		1+	Pass	1♥	
◆ KQT98	Pass	2♣	Pass	2NT	
♣ KQJT4	Pass	3NT All Pass			
		Bidding Notes			
South (D)	1+	4+◆, Open	4+♦, Opening Hand		
♠ AT2	1♥	4+♥, 6+ hc	4+v, 6+ hcp		
♥ K9743	2♣	4+♣, 5+♦, Not reverse			
<b>→ 7532</b>	2NT	S Stopper Invite			
<b>♣</b> A	3NT	Better than min, Not 3♥ to play			

Against your 3NT contract, West led the ♠3, fourth-highest. East plays the ♠K. How will you take nine tricks on this deal?

# **Preliminary Analysis**

You saw that he needed spades to be 4-4. and realized that he could not cash the ♥K before you made a diamond trick.

The only chance was to time the play in a way that would put the defenders on lead when they could cash three spades and then be forced to give him a second trick in a red suit. As the only sure way of achieving this was to endplay the defence with a spade.

# **Easter Weekend**

Easter	Easter Weekend April 2023		
Good Friday 7 <sup>th</sup> April	Online Open and Restricted game at 1.30pm Red Points.  No morning game.		
Saturday 8 <sup>th</sup> April	Online and Face to Face just normal Saturday sessions.		
Sunday 9 <sup>th</sup> April	CLOSED.		
	Online Open 1.30pm no morning game. Red Points		
Monday 10th April	Online Rookie 2.00pm Red Points		
Monday Toth April	Face to Face East Lindfield 1.00pm Red Points		
	Supervised 10.00am and 7.00pm Closed.		

#### Solution

- T1 You saw that he had to take East's ♠K with the ♠A early.
- T2 Proceeding with this idea, You, then cashed the **A** (unblocking the Clubs)
- T3 You then followed this by playing a low heart to dummy's <u>▼A</u> (unblocking the hearts)
- T4-7 You then and ran the 4 top club tricks.
  You threw three hearts and a diamond
  from hand. East threw a spade and a
  heart and West a low heart.
- T8 You led the <u>◆K</u>, which East ducked in the hope that West had a second diamond.
- T9 You countered this by playing dummy's ♠8. East rising & winning with the ♠J.
- T10 East exited with his remaining spade **◆5**,. West winning the **◆Q**.
- T11 West then cashed **♠9**.
- T12 West, then had to play a heart, as he had only that suit remaining in his hand.

So, you had nine tricks – a spade, two hearts, a diamond and five clubs.

Note that the natural line of trying to cross to dummy with a diamond fails. East wins the trick, the defenders cash the spade suit, then exit with a heart. Declarer never makes a trick with the ♥K: He would lose three spades and two diamonds. The full deal:

	North (D) • 87	
West	<b>♥</b> A	East
♠ Q963	<b>◆ KQT98</b>	♠ KJ54
♥ Q865	<b>♣</b> KQJT4	♥ JT2
<b>+</b> 4		♦ AJ6
<b>♣</b> 7532	South	<b>♣</b> 986
	♠ AT2	
3NT/S	♥ K9743	Vul All
Lead •3	<b>♦ 7532</b>	Dir: North
	♣ A	



JB – Mixed Teams Playoff



Michael Courtney

Mixed Teams Playoff

Joan Butts reminisces on playing with our 2022 Club Champion Michael Courtney at the Australian Mixed Team Championships.

Board 15 Set 5 Quarter finals, South Dealer NS vul. You, West, hold:

	West		
•	K73		
	AK65	5	
•	A97		
•	AK3		
S	W	N	Ε
3♠	?		
Wha	t Hann	ened:	

What Happened:

The Whole Hand:

B 15 Set5	North	
D 13 Set3	<b>♠</b> 9	
West	♥8	East
♠ K73	♦ T862	<b>★</b> 52
<b>♥ AK65</b>	♣ JT87642	<b>♥ QJT732</b>
♦ A97		♦ KQJ5
♣ AK3	South (D)	♣ Q
	♣ AQJT864	
	<b>♥</b> 94	Vul NS
	<b>•</b> 43	Dir: South
	<b>♣</b> 97	

The playoff results were:

6♥ (E) +50 3NT (W) - 520 -450 **4**♥(E) 6**∀**(E) +50

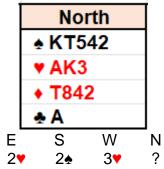
My view: West would prefer a double to 3NT with such a strong hand, but there is always the risk that partner won't know what to bid, and you've gone past 3NT. (All Wests bid 3NT).

On this hand East has the lovely long heart suit, and it would be natural to look for slam over a double of 3♠.

Bridge is cruel sometimes, and here the timid bidders were rewarded when the very good 6♥ fails on a spade ruff after the ♠A is led and spades are continued.

BUT...no one thought of 6NT which makes! Should you think about it? I certainly think so, with West's ♠K73.

Broad 18 Set 6 Quarter finals East dlr, NS vul You, North, hold:



What Happened:

The Whole Hand:

B18 Set 6	North	
D10 3et 0	♠ KT542	
West	♥ AK3	East (D)
<b>♣</b> 3	♦ T842	. Q7
<b>♥ JT6</b>	<b>♣</b> A	♥ Q98542
<b>→ 763</b>		♦ A5
♣ KQJ632	South	<b>◆</b> 974
	▲ AJ986	
	<b>♥</b> 7	Vul NS
	♦ KQJ9	Dir: East
	<b>♣ T</b> 85	

The playoff results were:

4♠ (S) +680 4♠ (S) +680 6 **★**(S) +14305♠ (S) +680

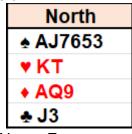
Bidding at our table:

W Е S Ν 2 2♠ 3♥ 6♠

My view: Over my 2♠, Michael Courtney wasn't wasting time with unnecessary bidding, and trusting that I must have values in diamonds, leapt to 6♠. At our team's other table,

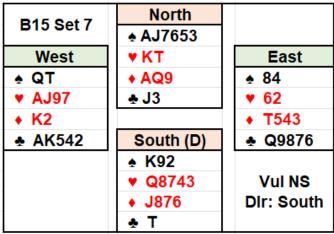
Axel and Avril actually bid EW to 5♣ and South chose only 5♠. Should North at that table have raised to 6♠? Who knows...

Broad 15 Set 7 Quarter finals South dlr, NS vul You, North, hold:



Ε S W Ν Р 1. 1♠ Ρ 2♠ Χ

What Happened: The Whole Hand:



The playoff results were:

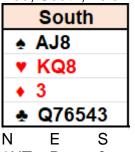
4♠ (N) +6203♠ (S) + 200 4**♠**(S) +620 2♠ (S) +170

Bidding at our table:

W Ε S Ν Р Р 1. 1♠ 4♠ all pass 2 Χ

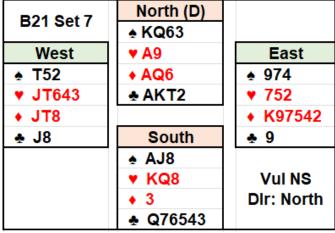
My view: With our side vulnerable, it seems normal to try for game in spades, as North has a sixth spade and good red suit values sitting over the opener. Michael bid game, but only one other table did the same. At our other table, Jenny Thompson chose to open a top of the range 1NT, which may have deterred NS from finding the spade game, but North could have tried once more over partner's 24 response to the 2♦ (single suited major).

North dlr, NS vul You, South, hold:



Ρ 2NT What Happened:

The Whole Hand:



W

The playoff results were:

7♣ (S) +21406♣ (S) +13907NT(N) + 2220 6♣ (S) +1390

Bidding at our table:

7NT all pass.

Ε W Ν Р Р 2NT 4 Ρ 4♠ Ρ **7**•

My view: This is a hand I will never forget...one of those moments when I remembered we had a bid in our system that had never come up before. I thought "At last", and that was 4♦ over 2NT to show a slamish hand with clubs, key card for clubs in fact. Michael answered 4♠, which in our system showed 1 or 4. I figured it couldn't be only one, so I tried 7♣, and Michael converted to 7NT, not for the extra imp, but to avoid the remote chance that someone could ruff the opening lead. We were duly rewarded.

### JF – 1NT Overcall Bidding

## JF – Hand Analysis



Julian Foster (many times NSW representative) analysing (bidding & play) on an interesting hand from a club session. Sourced SBC Wisdom articles. Slam-Game?

Bidding after a 1NT overcall, including running when it's doubled.

	North	Dealer: East	
	<b>▲</b> J953	Vul: EW	
West	♥ AQT94	East (D)	
♠ KQ2	+ Q	<b>▲ T87</b>	
♥ KJ2	♣ K95	<b>♥</b> 653	
♦ K82		<ul><li>97643</li></ul>	
♣ QJT8	South	<b>♣</b> 43	
12	♠ A64	* • • • NT	
15 0	<b>♥ 72</b>	N 43544	
	♦ AJT5	E	
13	♣ A762	W	

On this Board from a club game, North South had a combined 25 points yet only one pair bid game. What's more many had the chance to take some very large penalties from East West, but no-one did. Let's have a look.

The normal start to the auction is:

East	South	West	North	
Pass,	1 <b>♣</b> or 1 <b>♦</b>	1NT	?	

The 1NT overcall typically shows 15-18 with a stopper in opener's suit. The key to the auction comes from North's next action.

Almost every North bid 2♥. It's natural to presume that this is like a 2-level response to a regular opening bid (for example an auction 1♣ 1♠ 2♥) where the 2 level response shows at least 5 hearts and at least 10 points. But in fact the situation after a 1NT overcall is different.

North should instead double (**for penalties**). Most experienced players play a double of a 1NT overcall as penalties – usually any reasonably balanced hand with about 10+ points (so that your side is known to have a majority). Here you have 12 points and partner has opened the bidding. Your side is very close to game values – how do you think the opponents are going to fare playing in 1NT?

Extremely badly! What's more they are vulnerable as well. See advanced section for more on why this is a very good position to double the opponents.

So, what do 2 level bids mean then? Given that a better hand will start with a double, normally they show a **WEAK hand** with a desire to just play there. Usually, a 6-card suit like a weak two that doesn't have confidence defending 1NT. Obviously if opener has a big hand, they will go on anyway but otherwise they will usually pass.

What happens if North does double?

East	South	West	North	
Pass,	1 <b>♣</b> or 1 <b>♦</b>	1NT	X	

On this hand it's a bloodbath! East may well try to run from 1NT doubled into 2• (see advanced section for a discussion of running methods) but that's not much better on this hand. It can be seen from the Deep Finesse analysis that North South can make 3• (9 tricks) – that only leaves 4 for East West which, given they are vulnerable, is a penalty of 1100! No trumps isn't any better – North South make 4NT (10 tricks) which leaves 3 for East West – also 1100!

So how can North South penalise East West after North doubles and East West do try and run?

The simplest approach is to just play **further doubles as penalty**. Here if East tries 2• South should definitely double that. See advanced section for another option.

Note that East West are vulnerable and North South are not – that makes it even more appealing for North South to try for a penalty. Poor old West is just unlucky here – there's nothing wrong with the 1NT overcall, it just so happens this time that all the opposing values are with North and none with East.

At the table most pairs played in 2♥ and made 10 tricks.

- T1 The ♣4 was the most common. Declarer wins with the ♣A,
- T2 takes a winning heart finesse,

T3 then runs the ◆Q not minding whether it wins or loses. It will be expected to lose but that's OK – it sets up more diamond winners in South to discard some of North's black suit losers.

But let's consider what might happen in 2\*x by East West. South will probably lead their doubleton heart (not wanting to risk leading away from any honours and knowing almost all the points are in the West hand). North wins and should probably return their \*Q. Remember when you are penalising the opponents at a low level you are effectively saying you want to play in that suit yourself – so leading trumps to remove their chances to ruff is often a good idea. South ducks that to and West's \*K and poor old declarer has few good options.

If they try a club, that should run to South who can now draw 3 more rounds of trumps and then play another heart. North continues with hearts until East ruffs with his last trump in dummy. Now the defence will still score the ♣A, the last heart in North (declarer has no more trumps left) and the ♣K. That could actually limit declarer to just 3 tricks and -1400!

**1NTx** would be almost as bad. North might in practice, however, lead a heart so declarer may score a trick in each suit and get away with "only" **-800!** Still ample compensation for missing the +430 or +450 North South could score in game!

#### Key points to note.

- After a 1NT overcall doubles should be penalty (about 10+).
- 2-level bids are just natural and weak to play.
- After you have doubled 1NT for penalties you should agree whether subsequent doubles are takeout or penalty. Either method is playable – but it's important to know which.
- Penalties after a 1NT overcall can be lucrative as all the opponents' strength tends to be concentrated into one hand.
   For the same reason game can often be made on lighter values (see advanced section).

 After your own 1NT is doubled it's important to have a method of running somewhere else – you may be able to find a much better spot that the opponents can't double as easily or profitably.

#### More advanced

There's another reason why it's often well worthwhile doubling a 1NT overcall. It's because almost all the opponent's strength is in the one hand. That makes it very hard for them to play as they will constantly be stuck in that hand and have to lead away from honours. Your own points are distributed more evenly between the two hands. Often a hand with 20 points can make surprisingly few tricks if the opponents have 10 points each side.

That also has implications if North South want to bid their own contract. Here the vulnerability points to North South trying to take a penalty. But if it were the other way around they might prefer to just bid a vulnerable game. Game can often be made on as few as 22 or 23 combined points in these sort of positions partly because it's known from the auction where almost all the points are, and partly because that defender will frequently be forced on lead to give tricks away. Hence it is well worth bidding aggressively to games in these positions.

When your own 1NT is doubled it is important to have a means of running. This more commonly applies to the weak NT but, as here, it can be equally important after a strong NT has been doubled. While it wouldn't have helped East West on this hand, it can often be the case that they do have a better spot to play in and one that the opponents may not be able to double. So, running is well worthwhile. I have played the weak NT for many years and even after the opponents do start with a double it is amazing how seldom you actually do end up conceding a large penalty (even if one was available!)

There are lots of different running methods in use but the common ones allow the partner of the 1NT bidder to show 1 and 2 suited hands to maximise the chances of finding a better spot to escape into. The method I use is:

- Pass = neutral (either nowhere to go so we might as well stay at the 1 level – or have values and content to stay in 1NT x as it may well be making).
- XX = a single suited hand (asks partner to bid 2♣—unless they happen to have opened 1NT with a good 6 card ◆ suit or a good 5 card major when they may choose to bid that). You then either pass 2♣ or bid your own suit.
- 2 level bids = that suit and a higher suit.
   Partner either passes or bids the lowest suit they are prepared to play in and the pair scrambles until they (hopefully!) find somewhere!

Another common method involves **pass** forcing opener to redouble – responder either passes that if they are confident 1NT will make, or they bid something else which usually shows a different combination of two suits.

Personally, I am not a fan of that because it doesn't allow you to play in 1NT doubled. Frequently the opponents will risk leaving you in 1NT doubled and you never get a bad score when it does make. But very seldom in practice do they risk leaving you in 1NT redoubled when it's making – they tend to bid and now you have to decide whether to bid on or try to take a penalty yourself – typically harder to judge.

It's also important for pairs to know what they are doing after the opponents do start running from 1NT doubled. As I mentioned above the simplest approach is just penalty. But another approach (usually preferred by most stronger players) is to play takeout doubles. So here South would pass over 2 but North would then re-open with a takeout double which South would be happy to pass.

Takeout doubles tend to offer the best of both worlds – if the opponents do find a playable spot to run to, they allow you to find your own fit and play there. But they also offer the chance of taking a penalty when the cards lie suitably for that – as they definitely do here!

Note that this means pass over a runout bid is usually forcing – partner must either re-open

with a double (catering for their partner wishing to penalise) or bid something else (if they aren't prepared to have partner pass a takeout double).

Julian Foster (many times NSW representative)

Bridge Puzzle 9



North (D)	Std Bidding			
<b>♠</b> AT	West North (D) East South			
♥ KT6		1∳	1♥	1NT
◆ KQJT98	Pass 3NT All Pass			
<b>♣</b> K3				
South	Bidding Notes			
▲ J42	1♦ 4+•, Opening			
♥ Q54	1♥ 5+♥, overcall			
<b>→</b> 542	1NT	6-10, ♥ Stopper		
♣ AQT4	3NT	To play		

T1 West duly leads the ♥9 against your 3NT. What card do you play from dummy and why?

# **Preliminary Analysis**

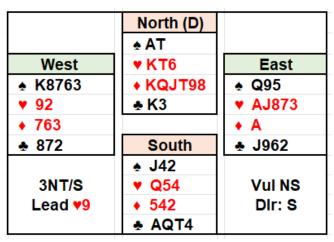
Winners: 1♠+1♥+5♦+3♣

Losers: ♥A, ◆A, deep Hearts & Spades

The bidding and the opening lead strongly suggest that East has over-called a suit headed by the **\*AJxxx**.

If you **play low** from dummy, East will also play low encouraging. If you duck in your hand as well, West will play another heart, which East will win with the ace before playing a third round of the suit. If East has the •A too, he will win it the first time you attack the suit to finish running the hearts to defeat the contract.

Similarly, if you play the **T** from dummy first, East will cover with the **J**. If you decide to let that hold the trick, East will clear the heart suit and wait for the **A**.



Can you do better by winning the queen at trick one? **Not on this layout**:

	North (D)	
	<b>♠</b> AT	
West	♥ KT6	East
♠ 87653	◆ KQJT98	♠ KQ9
<b>♥</b> 92	<b>♣ K</b> 3	♥ AJ873
♦ A63		<b>+</b> 7
<b>♣</b> 872	South	♣ J962
	. J42	
3NT/S	♥ <b>Q</b> 54	Vul NS
Lead ♥9	♦ 542	DIr: S
	♣ AQT4	

When West wins the ♠A, he'll play another heart through dummy's ♥KT to beat 3NT.

So, what's the answer?

T1 West duly leads the ♥9 against your 3NT. Play the ♥K from dummy at trick one.

Whether East wins or ducks this, you're still in control. The hearts are safe from attack, so you'll have the timing to establish the long diamonds in dummy, and it doesn't matter which defender has the •A

♦ JM – Take it Slowly

## **Solution Open Challenge Hand**



Our ex-president provides insights on bidding.

Conventional wisdom is that when you and partner have good hands, with game assured and possibilities for slam, you should use available bidding space to exchange useful information to help with the final decision making. Obviously if your bidding takes you beyond game, then you must be able to sign off below slam if necessary.

For the whole of this article, you are in first seat with the following hand, which is the actual hand from the final section:

The first part of this article is a construction.

You		
٠	K9763	
•	9	
•	KQT	
٠	AKQ8	

You open 1 Spade. Partner responds either.

- 3 Spades (limit raise, game invitational)
- or 3D (Bergen, similar meaning).

At best partner could hold one of the following. They all contain 2 Aces plus the trump Queen, and 2 of the 3 seem good bets for a slam, particularly hand 3.

Partner (1)	Partner (2)	Partner (3)
♣ QJ84	♠ Q984	♣ AQ98
♥ A983	♥ A983	<b>♥</b> J984
♦ A5	♦ A5	♦ A5
<b>♣</b> 853	♣ J53	<b>♣</b> 853

If you are prepared to play in a slam opposite any of the above 3 hands, then you may as well just use Keycard (spades). But if you are more cautious and require the partnership to be in slam only with hand 3, then you can cue bid 4 Clubs and when partner Cues a red Ace (either will do) bid 5 Spades, asking him to bid 6 if he has the 2 Spade honours.

Now for the actual hand. This was from the stratified pairs on March 18<sup>th,</sup> Hand number 2. Again, you open 1 Spade on the initial hand.

You	Partner
♠ K9763	♣ AQJ8
<b>y</b> 9	<b>♥ AJ83</b>
◆ KQT	♦ A5
♣ AKQ8	♣ J53

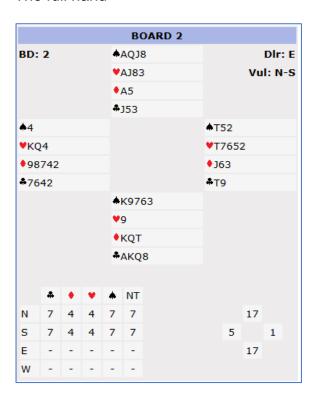
This time your partner responds 2NT (Jacoby). I believe that some players treat this as a limit raise (13 – 15 pts), but I prefer it to be unlimited game force, as per its original form.

- You respond 3♥ (showing ♥Shortage).
- Partner bids 4♦ (Cue).
- You bid 5♠ (Cue).
- Partner bids 5♥ (Cue).
- Well, you have no losers in the outside suits – how about trumps? Delusions of grand(eur)? You bid 5NT (Grand Slam Force), and partner duly bids 7.

This seems like a fairly routine Jacoby sequence, yet only one pair (Helen Lowry & Jane Beeby), regrettably not partner and I, from a combined field of over 30 tables found the Grand Slam for a top score. One Pair found 6NT for the extra matchpoints & a near top.

FREQUENCIES FOR BOARD 2			
Contract	Result	Score	Frequency
7♠ by NS	=	2210	1
6NT by NS	+1	1470	1
6♠ by NS	+1	1460	22
4♠ by NS	+3	710	6

#### The full hand



# Upcoming NSBC Congresses





Then our Festival Congress Events in June.

RK - Deals of Doom



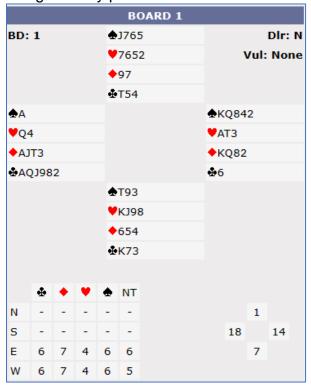
# NSBC Summer Online Teams 2023

Big hands, big swings

Rakesh Kumar

In this almost-post-COVID environment, North Shore Bridge Club continues to regularly run congresses on RealBridge, which certainly makes them more accessible to those who do not live in metropolitan Sydney. Their Summer Online Teams on 8 January was the first such Congress of 2023, with 25 teams (plus a House team) participating. After  $6 \times 9$ -board rounds, the winners were WURTH Team (Michael Cartmell - David Wurth - David Hudson - Nick Fahrer) who held on to first place for most of the day. Second were GILL Team (Liz Adams - Jane Dawson - Tony Nunn - Peter Gill) who finished not too far behind, with FOSTER team (Christine Gibbons -David Weston - Jenna Gibbons - Julian Foster) in third place.

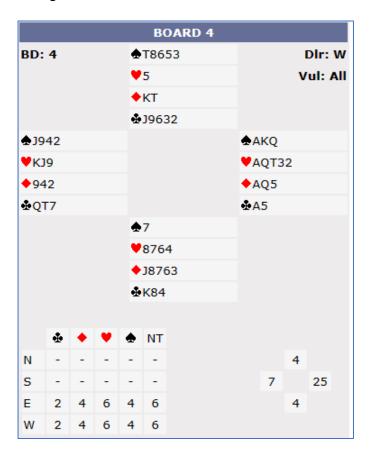
WURTH got off to a flying start on Board 1 from the first round, with Hudson-Cartmell being the only pair to reach 7♦ on this board:



After 1♠-2♠ (game forcing)-2♦-3♦ there are various ways that the auction might proceed,

depending on your methods. Still, bidding the grand slam seems somewhat against the odds and isn't easy anyway – but who can argue with success?

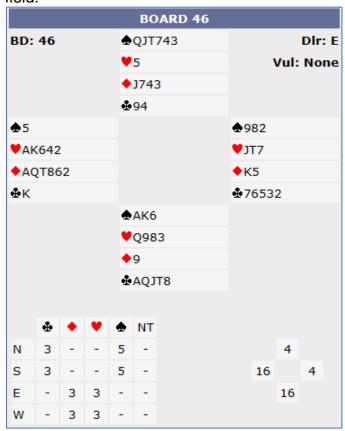
From the same round came one of two huge hands that East held during this event. On this one, Cartmell-Hudson once again earned a swing for their side:



Do you have good methods for showing a 24+ hcp balanced hand? Those who open 2♣ and rebid 3NT rapidly run out of bidding room, leaving responder fumbling in the dark.

That of course is one of the reasons for playing the **Kokish convention**, where after 2♣-2♠, a rebid of 2♥ is either a genuine heart suit or an extra-strong balanced hand – responder must bid 2♠ and opener now gets to describe her/his hand further, allowing the balanced hand to be shown at the 2-level. Perhaps the lack of suitable methods explains why only 4 of 26 East-West pairs bid and made a slam, two in hearts and two in notrumps.

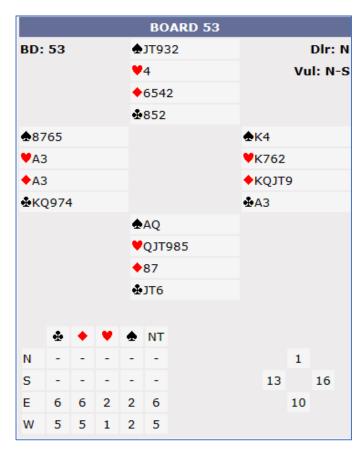
This highly distributional deal from the last round yielded some big swings across the field:



After South opens 1♣, if West overcalls 1♠
North can bid 2♠ to show a weak hand with a
long suit. Now South may well jump to 4♠,
which as it happens is unbeatable even if
declarer takes the losing club finesse. Over 4♠,
a courageous West might rebid 5♥. Although in
principle this is 2 down, in practice the defence
usually allowed West to make 10 tricks.

However, if West initially overcalls 2NT showing the lower unbid suits (or diamonds plus a major, depending on agreements) East-West may buy the contract in 4♥. Across the field, 7 North-South pairs made 4♠, while 8 East-West pairs played in hearts, often gaining IMPs in the process.

Also from the last round was the deal below. Vulnerable against opponents who are not vulnerable, after your partner passes and RHO opens 1NT, would you intervene by bidding 2 (or 2 showing a long major) with the South hand?



That may not be such a good idea. The WURTH team gained 12 IMPs on this board after P-1NT (slightly off-shape but a good tactical bid)-2♦-X-P-P-2▼-X-P-P-P. That plus a little bit of luck going their way on other boards from the final round was sufficient to enable them to clinch victory in the Teams Congress.



Can you think of anyone who would benefit from playing bridge in a relaxed environment, where they can ask questions, won't get into trouble for doing the wrong thing? If so, we are inviting you to bring that friend along to one of our **Supervised Sessions**, you will partner them and help them develop their skills and confidence to play in a Club duplicate game.

# Apr Advanced Courses

Link to Website Advanced Teaching



Anita Curtis has restarted "Develop your Skills", "Gentle Hand Analysis" & Broaden your game.

**Anita Curtis** 

Anita offers an extensive range of topics in the Broaden Your Game and Intermediate Hand Analysis Classes held on Wednesdays at 2pm. On the 1st April, there is a small price increase for these lessons, they are still great value at \$20 for members and \$25 for visitors. I invite you to take your game to the next level and join Anita on Wednesdays, if you can't make the date or time - Anita will email you a recording to watch at your leisure.

# NSBC·Develop·Your·Skills·Mar-Apr·2023·Program·ONLINE· THURSDAYS·at·9.30am·with·Anita·Curtis¶



Develop-Your-Skills-{DYS}-is-aimed-at-players-who-have-completed-the-Build-on-the-Basics-course-or-who-have-been-playing-for-at-least-one-year-Bidding,-declarer-play-&-defence-are-all-targeted,-as-well-as-hand-analysis-to-consolidate-skills-learnt.-These-lessons-will-be-held-on-line.-You-can-watch-the-video-or-participate-in-the-zoom-session-(9.30-11.30am).-You-can-also-play-the-hands-on-Realbridge-after-the-lesson-at-your-convenience.

Date≭	Lesson-Topic¤	n
Apr-6¤	Hand-Analysis-1-(review-all-skills)¤	п
Apr-13¤	Signalling-is-Legal-(defence)¤	Ħ
Apr-20¤	Brilliant-switches-(defence)¤	Ħ
Apr-27¤	Double-or-nothingwhen-is-a-double-for-penalties?-(bidding)¤	Ħ

# NSBC Intermediate/BYG April 2023 Program Online Wednesdays at 2pm with Anita Curtis



Broaden Your Game (BYG): aspiring intermediate players who play in Rookies or Restricted.

**Intermediate:** aspiring open players or those with considerable experience in Restricted.

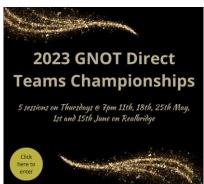
Date	Lesson Topic	Description	
5 Apr	Discards – Eddie Kantar	BYG/Intermediate defence. As a defender, a hand is often won or lost on what you discard. One of the world's expert teachers gives tips that will make you a better defender!	
12 Apr	Splinters – Tools for major suit success	BYG bidding. The next step in intermediate bidding: knowing how to show opener that you have a singleton	
19 Apr	Consider the bidding as declarer – Eddie Kantar	Intermediate declarer play. How can declarer use the bidding to help place the cards during the play? Eddie Kantar shows you how to make inferences and the best decisions.	
26 Apr	Card combinations missing 2 honours (part 2)	BYG/Intermediate declarer play. How to play common card combinations missing 2 honours.	
		For more information or to register, email Anita: ac210927@bigpond.net.au	

# ♦ Thursday Comp Night –Q1 2023

The current running competition Night Event is the Morgan Swiss Pairs



A further 1 week break for the Adelaide Bridge Festival







Come and join us at **East Lindfield** or **The Willis** for Coffee, Cake and F2F Bridge or Cheese, Biscuits and Bridge, we have been hermits since our COVID lockdowns, let's get out, play some bridge and socialise.

